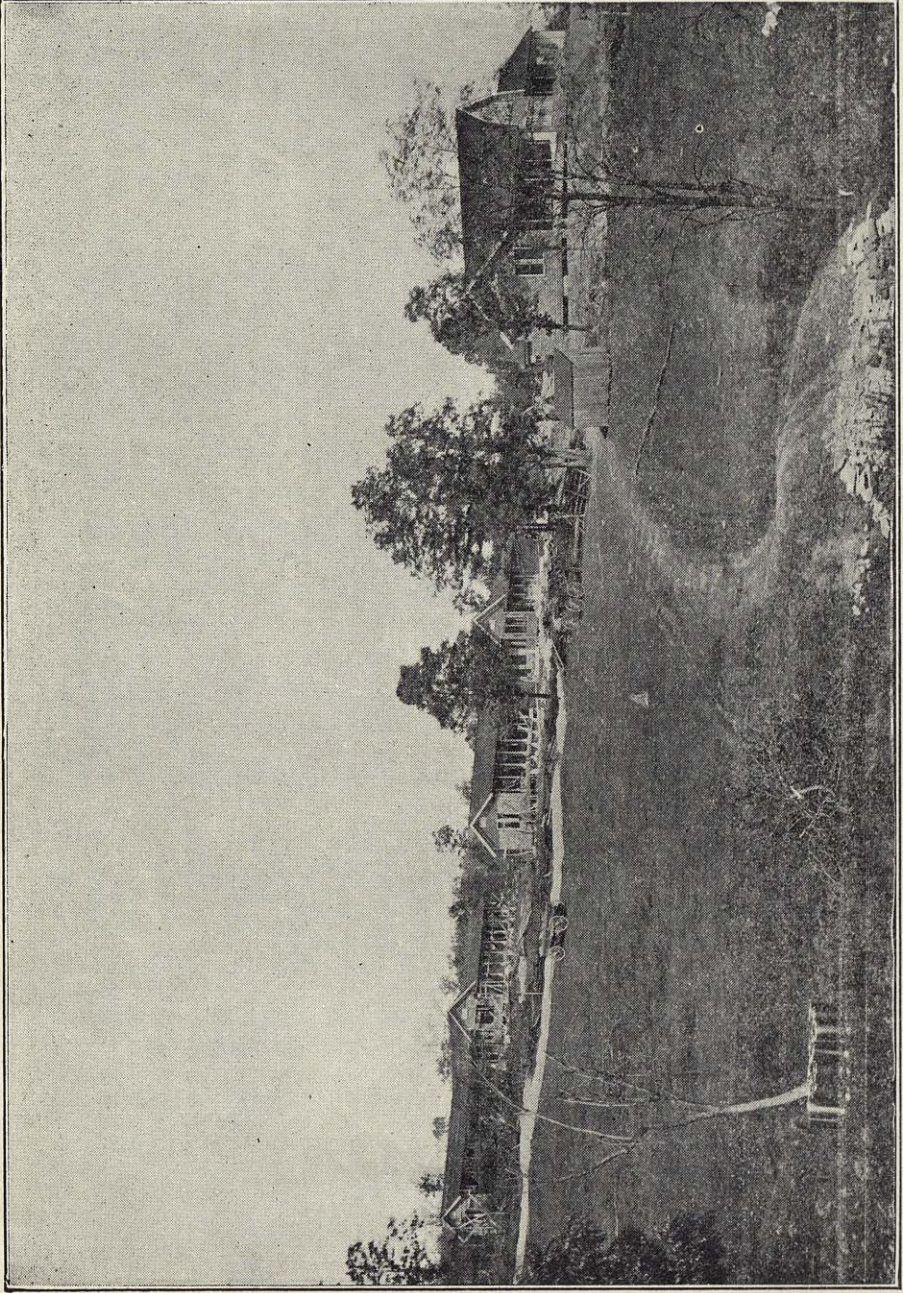


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REPORT
OF
THE ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS
LEAGUE
OF WEST VIRGINIA





STATE TUBERCULOSIS SANITARIUM, TERRA ALTA, W. VA.

REPORT
OF
THE ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS
LEAGUE
OF WEST VIRGINIA



OFFICERS

President, DR. W. W. GOLDEN, Elkins, W. Va.

Vice Presidents,

S. M. RICE, Wheeling, W. Va.

H. C. FISHER, Keyser, W. Va.

REV. R. D. ROLLER, Charleston, W. Va.

C. C. SHOWALTER, Parkersburg, W. Va.

REV. R. D. ROLLER, Eccles, W. Va.

Recording and Corresponding Secretary,
DR. IRENE BALLOU BULLARD, Charleston, W. Va.

Treasurer, ALEXANDER FORMAN, Morgantown, W. Va.



WHAT The Anti-Tuberculosis League of West Virginia HAS DONE

It has purchased an Exhibit by donations from generous citizens, clubs, charitable organizations and proceeds from sales of Red Cross Seals.

It has carried on a great educational work by sending this exhibit to 29 counties.

It has been the means of organizing Local Leagues throughout the State; each League widening and strengthening the fight against this scourge.

It has distributed thousands of instructive leaflets free.

It has given lectures, demonstrations of pure and impure milk, good and bad meat; it has roused in the people a desire for more hygienic conditions.

WHAT The Anti-Tuberculosis League of West Virginia MUST DO

It must send its Exhibit to towns and counties unable to pay the necessary expense of showing it.

It must respond to the demand of the people of this State for information and hygienic instruction that will enable individuals to use necessary protective measures.

Heretofore the larger towns have paid expense of showing Exhibit; the smaller towns—which often need it most—are unable to meet the cost.

Voluntary contributions are exhausted; having carried the work thus far without debt, the League now seeks public aid.

The State spends money to improve the condition of the soil, to eradicate disease in trees and animals. Ought it not to make an appropriation for the work of building a sturdier, stronger race of men and women by helping to stamp out a contagious and communicable, but preventable and curable disease?

REPORT

OF THE

The Anti-Tuberculosis League of West Virginia.

October, 1908 to December, 1912.

Prior to the Tuberculosis Congress held in Washington a number of local organizations had been formed in the State, as Women's Auxiliaries, in connection with either the American or the National Anti-Tuberculosis Leagues. Good work was done by these Auxiliaries in stirring up the fallow ground of the State, and securing public attention to the need. But at the Washington Congress it was strongly urged upon the representatives from this State, that for the sake of greater efficiency a State organization be formed, uniting these Auxiliaries, and throwing open their membership to both men and women, as Leagues, subordinate to the State League.

This League was organized the last week of the International Congress on Tuberculosis in Washington, in October, 1908, by the delegates appointed by Gov. Dawson to that Convention. The first president was Mrs. S. W. Price, of Scarbro, who resigned soon after on account of ill health, and Mrs. W. M. O. Dawson was appointed to fill the vacancy. Mrs. Malcolm Jackson was Corresponding Secretary from the organization of the league until her resignation in November, 1909.

It is composed of all local Leagues and individual members, and was the outgrowth of the work organized as Women's Auxiliaries, by Mrs. S. W. Price, of Scarboro, W. Va.; it was decided by the delegates who met for conference in Washington in regard to the best means of taking up the fight in West Virginia, that an independent League would be the most effective way to start the work. A Tuberculosis Exhibit to be shown in the various towns in the State was deemed the best method of introducing the League, educating and arousing the people to the necessity of joining in the fight.

With no money and comparatively few people interested in the task of collecting and paying for such an exhibit, it seemed an impossibility. After failing in the effort to obtain the use of a travelling exhibit from some State or the National organization, the League was enabled to start the purchase of a State Exhibit through the generosity of Mrs. Julia A. Beury, of Charleston, W. Va.

Mr. George Butler, of New York, was employed to get the Exhibit in shape, and to him with Dr. Barber, Dr. McQueen and a few others is due the credit of collecting the Exhibit which was first shown in Charleston. It was shown during a session of the Legislature in the hope that it would be a striking object lesson which might impress the Legislators with a necessity for action by the State, in this fight. There was a bill before that Legislature for an appropriation for a Sanitarium. The bill was prepared by a commission appointed by the Legislature of 1907, and was defeated.

The Exhibit was opened January 22, 1909, in the main hall of the State House. It remained in Charleston several weeks and was then taken to Wheeling, where new life was infused into the work by the interest and energy of Drs. Harriet B. Jones, W. H. McLain, and Andrew Wilson, assisted by the doctors and people of Wheeling. The Exhibit was enlarged and valuable additions made to it in Wheeling.

On January 23, 1909, Mrs. Price was compelled to resign on account of illness; Mrs. W. M. O. Dawson was elected president, Mrs. Malcolm Jackson Corresponding Secretary. In May, Dr. Harriet B. Jones was made Chairman of the Exhibit Committee and John Gillespy succeeded Mr. Butler as manager of the Exhibit. 10,000 health cards were prepared and printed by the State Board of Health and distributed through the public schools of West Virginia by order of the State Superintendent of Schools at the request of the League.

Educational folders have been given away by thousands where the Exhibit has been shown.

The health officers in most places have been generous in giving their time and services. The press has been kind in publishing notices and information of all kinds. The Women's Federated Clubs, United Mine Workers, Fraternal and other organizations have materially assisted in the work.

The objects of the League are: First, Dissemination of knowledge concerning the cause, prevention and treatment of tuberculosis; second, securing proper legislation for the relief and prevention of tuberculosis; third, encouraging adequate provisions for the consumptives by the establishment of sanatoria, hospitals, dispensaries, etc; fourth, to secure better health laws, and the enforcement of those existing, especially in regard to registration of deaths, compulsory disinfection where such deaths occur, and the report of existing cases.

It desires to co-operate with health officers and physicians and to push an educational campaign, especially through the schools.

Let us follow up what has been accomplished and put the work in West Virginia on a permanent basis. The League appeals to every organization, to each individual to feel the weight of this dreadful burden and to give a hand to lift it.

Show your interest by joining the organization in your own locality, and if you have none, become a member of the State organization.

The first annual meeting was at arkersburg, November 23, 1909. Dr. Harriet B. Jones acting as president, Dr. Holmes Yeakley being appointed secretary pro tem. At this meeting the Constiution and By-Laws of the West Virginia Anti-Tuberculosis League were read and adopted. Dr. Harriet B. Jones, Hon. W. M. O. Dawson, Hon. N. L. Upson serving on the committee to draft the same.

The following officers were elected at that meeting:—

President—Miss Ethel Ruffner, Charleston, W. Va.

Secretary—Dr. Irene B. Bullard, Charleston, W. Va.

Treasurer—Dr. Harriet B. Jones, Wheeling, W. Va.

Superintendent of the Exhibit—John H. Gillespy, Parkersburg, W. Va.

Vice-Presidents—First District, Dr. C. O. Henry, Fairmont, W. Va.

Second District, Mrs. Mary Rathbone, Parkersburg, W. Va.

Third District, Mrs. Malcolm Jackson, Charleston, W. Va.

Fourth District—

Fifth District—

The second annual meeting was held in the Assembly Room of the Hotel Kanawha, Charleston, February 11, 1911, Miss Ethel Ruffner presiding.

The following officers were elected at that meeting:—

President—Dr. M. V. Godbey, Charleston, W. Va.
 Secreary—Dr. Irene B. Bullard, Charleston, W. Va.
 Treasurer—Mr. Alexander Forman, Morgantown, W. Va.
 Repots were submitted as follows from the various towns:—
 Elkins—Mrs. Howard Sutherland;
 Fairmont—Dr. C. O. Henry.
 Wheeling—Dr. Harriet B. Jones;
 Charleston—Mrs. George Needham.

Mr. Showalter pledged the assistance of the Fraternal Orders of the State in securing the passage of the Bill for the establishment of a State Sanatorium and affiliation with the work of the League.

The third annual meeting of the League was held in Wheeling November 12, 1912.

The object of this meeting was to elect new officers, and discussion of ways and means to forward the work before the Legislature to secure an appropriation to send the Exhibit through the State on a car. It was decided that a visiting committee be appointed to visit the State Sanitarium once every year, this committee to consist of the President of the League and such other members as shall be appointed at the time of the visit.

A committee was appointed to issue a complete report of the work of the State League. Dr. Harriet B. Jones and Mrs. Malcolm Jackson to serve on this committee.

The following officers were elected:

President—Dr. W. W. Golden, Elkins, W. Va.
 Vice-Presidents—
 First District—S. M. Rice, Wheeling, W. Va.
 Second District—H. C. Fisher, Keyser, W. Va.
 Third District—Rev. R. D. Roller, Charleston, W. Va.
 Fourth District—C. C. Showalter, Parkersburg, W. Va.
 Fifth District—Dr. R. D. Roller, Ecles, W. Va.

Recording and Corresponding Secretary—Dr. Irene Ballou Bullard, Charleston, W. Va.

Treasurer—Alexander Forman, Morgantown, W. Va.

STANDING COMMITTEES:

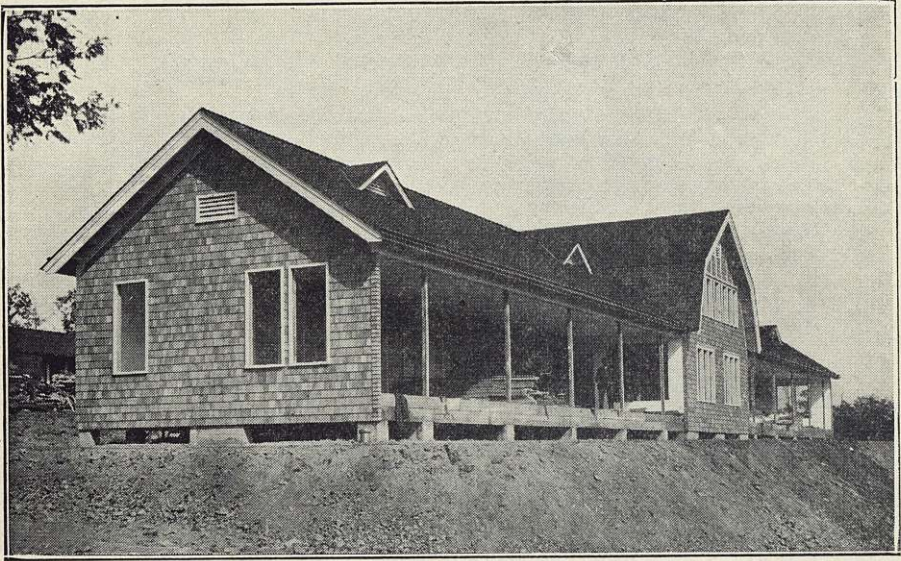
Finance—S. M. Rice, Wheeling, W. Va., Chairman
 Alexander Forman, Morgantown, W. Va.
 Dr. R. D. Roller, Ecles, W. Va.

Education and Publicity—Miss Irma B. Slike, Charleston, W. Va.
 Legislation and Enforcement of Law—Dr. C. A. Wingerter, Wheeling, W. Va.

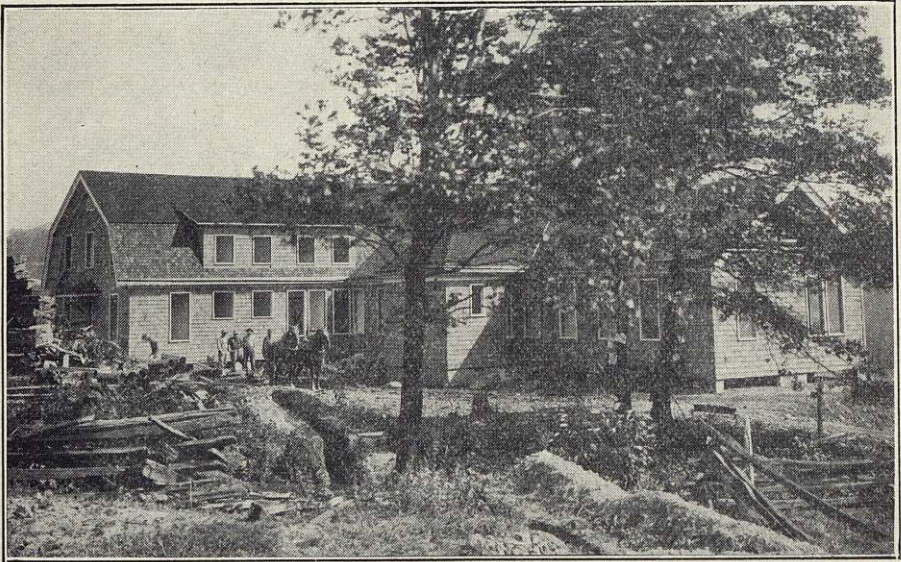
Exhibits—Dr. Harriet B. Jones, Wheeling, W. Va.
 Factories, Mines, Workshops, Public Buildings and Places of Business—I. V. Barton, Wheeling, W. Va.

Establishment of Dispensaries, Sanatoria and Hospitals—Dr. S. W. Price, Scarbro, W. Va.

Work among the Colored People—Byrd Prillerman, Institute, W. Va.



FRONT OF BUILDING, SANITORIUM. TERRA ALTA.



REAR OF BUILDING OF SANITORIUM, TERRA ALTA

TUBERCULOSIS SANITARIUMS



One of the most important factors of education and relief is the establishment of the State Tuberculosis Sanitarium. This bill was passed at the Legislature of 1911 without a dissenting vote.

This was brought about by the united action of the following organizations and committees:

State Fraternal Organizations:—

F. B. Burk, Parkersburg,
C. C. Showalter, Parkersburg,
P. C. Parker, Huntington,
Alexander Forman, Morgantown,
Harry C. Fisher, Keyser.

State Board of Health:—

Dr. H. A. Barbee, Point Pleasant,
Dr. J. E. Robins, Charleston.

State Medical Association:—

Dr. C. O. Henry, Fairmont,
Dr. G. A. McQueen, Charleston.

State Board of Trade:—

Dr. H. B. Stout, Parkersburg,
Dr. A. J. Lyons, Spencer.

State Anti-Tuberculosis League:—

Dr. Harriet B. Jones, Wheeling,
W. M. O. Dawson, Charleston.

A BILL to establish "The State Tuberculosis Sanitarium" and to provide for its control and maintenance.

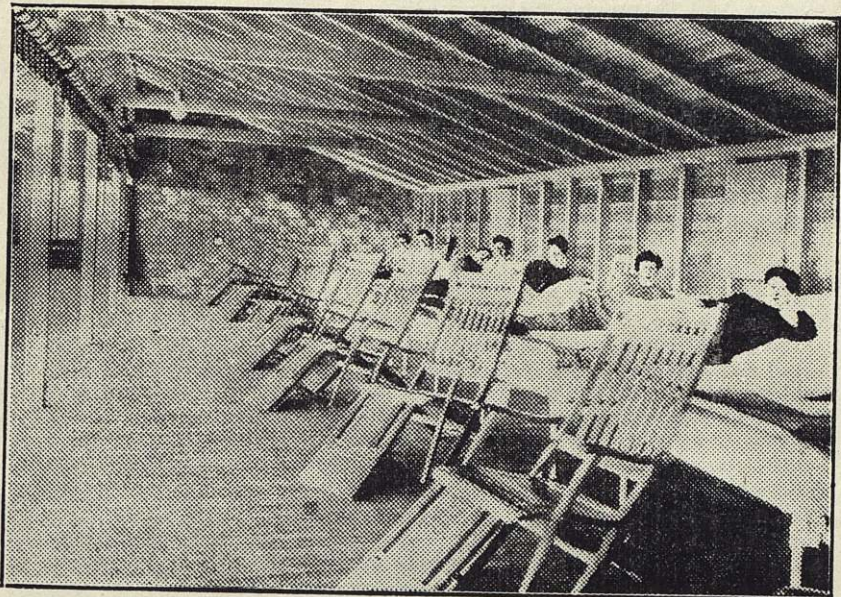
Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

Sec. 1. There is hereby established for the care and treatment of persons afflicted with tuberculosis or consumption, a State institution to be known as "The State Tuberculosis Sanitarium." It shall belong to that class of institutions mentioned in section three of chapter 58 of the Acts of 1909, and shall be managed and controlled as provided in said act, all the provisions whereof shall be applicable to said sanitarium as if the same were named in said section three of said act. The chief executive officer thereof shall be the superintendent, who shall be a legally qualified physician of at least six years' experience in the practice of his profession and shall be a person of good executive ability.

Sec. 2. The State Board of Control shall select the site and provide the necessary buildings and land for said sanitarium, and all the provisions of said chapter 58 of the Acts of 1909 shall govern herein as far as applicable. For the purpose of this act there is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the following sums, namely, For the year ending September 30, 1911, for building and land fifteen thousand dollars; and for the year ending September 30, 1912, for building and land, fifteen thousand dollars, and for current expenses ten thousand dollars.



WOMEN'S BUILDING
VIEW POINT SANITORIUM



INTERIOR COTTAGE
VIEW POINT SANITORIUM

Sec. 3. There shall be admitted into said sanitarium residents of this State who may be suffering with tuberculosis; which persons shall be divided into two classes, namely, First, those unable to pay the expenses of their care and treatment; second, those who are able to pay and shall pay the same. The reasonable expenses of poor persons admitted at the request of the authorities of any municipal corporation or county shall be paid by such municipal corporation or county. Regulations may be made to receive persons who are able to pay part but not able to pay all of the expense of their care and treatment. Schedules of rates to be paid by patients shall be made by the State Board of Control.

Endorsed by

STATE FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH

STATE MEDICAL SOCIETY

STATE BOARD OF TRADE

STATE ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS LEAGUE

The State Sanitarium is located near Terra Alta, W. Va., on a beautiful farm on the B. & O. R. R., easy of access and in a most healthful location, with beds for 68 patients. It is about ready to be opened and any information desired can be obtained by addressing the Superintendent, Terra Alta, W. Va.

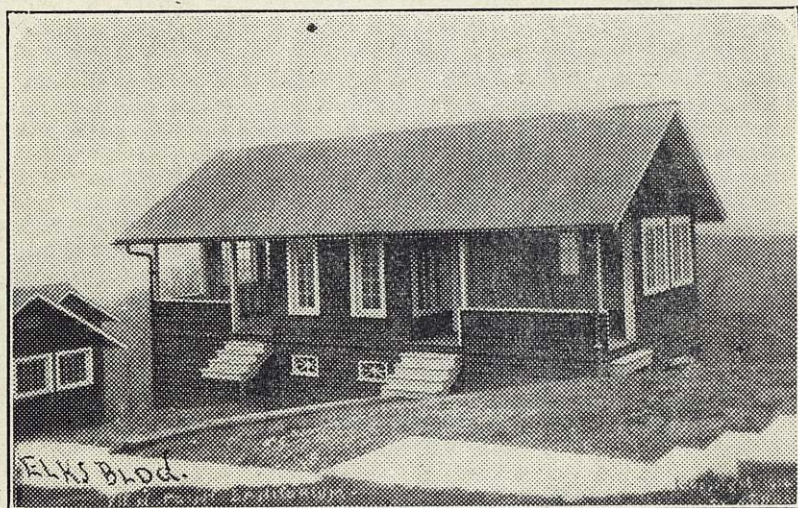
Another Sanitarium has been erected in Ohio county near Wheeling, by donations from the people of said place and county. It is of course for the residents of Ohio county only, except those who may be able to pay the maximum fee of \$12.00 a week. Under such conditions persons from other counties or states may be admitted.

It is known as View Point Sanitarium and has 32 beds.

The buildings for both Sanitariums are built on the most approved modern plans for such institutions.

The View Point Sanitarium has been open since May and the results in some cases have been most gratifying.

Besides being a place where incipients have an opportunity of regaining health it is a great educational force in teaching people how to live, and those who go away improved or well become apostles of health and spread the good tidings of how to keep well.



ELKS BUILDING
VIEW POINT SANITORIUM



DINING ROOM
VIEW POINT SANITORIUM

THE TUBERCULOSIS EXHIBIT

WHAT IT IS

An effort to educate and awaken people concerning the cause, prevention and cure of Tuberculosis, by means of pictures, charts, models, miniature tents, pathological specimens showing the effect of the disease on real human lungs, and other material of intense interest, demonstrated by the Superintendent in plain, short talks easily understood by everyone. The pathological specimens were loaned by Phipps Institute, Philadelphia.

The Exhibit is something to look at, something to get people to talk about after they have looked.

The Exhibit was run from January, 1909, until June, 1910. It was first shown in the Capital Building at Charleston and then taken through the State, to all towns that were able to pay the expenses.

From April 1st, 1909, until June, 1910, the Exhibit was shown in 29 counties and 31 towns, besides once in Kentucky and twice in Ohio. Each place was asked \$60 a week to pay expenses of transportation, salary and expenses of Superintendent. If the exhibit ran every week the expenses could be met, but it was not shown every week, so that in June it was in debt over \$200.00 for salary of Superintendent and for printing literature.

At this time a very sad thing occurred in the sudden death of Mr. Gillespy, the Superintendent. It was a very unfortunate circumstance, for Mr. Gillespy was admirably fitted for the work, was greatly interested, and was the means of carrying on the work of the exhibit as could have been done by few. No one has been found to fill his place and his loss has been most keenly felt.

The record of attendance in some places reached thousands in the course of a few days and the good done was incalculable. Demonstrations of various kinds, pure and impure milk, infected meat, microscopic exhibits of the tubercle bacilli in various stages of the disease, lectures and stereopticon views, graphophone lectures, moving pictures and literature distributed. Special attention was given to the school children, and they learned lessons of lasting benefit in regard to the dangers, prevention and treatment of Tuberculosis.

WHAT IT DOES

It awakens interest, imparts information, and leads to active work in the fight against Tuberculosis. It arouses people beyond words to the danger of the disease and the necessity of doing something to prevent it. It improves the sanitary conditions of every town where it is shown, and brings to the people a desire for more healthful conditions. To the children the benefit is incalculable; they drink in the knowledge and apply it.

Where it has been it has brought Anti-Tuberculosis Leagues, health talks in the schools, dispensaries, visiting nurses, sanitariums, fumigation of infected houses, a better milk supply, reports of infected cases and many things for the betterment of the health of the community. All the interest that has been aroused and all the work that has been done has been brought about by the Tuberculosis Exhibit.

From the sale of Red Cross Stamps in 1910 we were able to pay off all indebtedness and to keep the Exhibit in the Capitol Building during the Legislature of 1911. Last year the sale of Red Cross Stamps put some money into the treasury but not sufficient to send the Exhibit through the State.

It is the desire of the League to send the Exhibit in a car wherever the railroads penetrate. Nearly all large towns have had it and those who could afford to pay expenses. The rural districts need this education even more than the cities and large towns, for they do not have the same opportunities of getting information. Such a travelling exhibit would bring returns to the public in the form of a better knowledge of disease prevention which would fully repay any expenditure and it is the hope of the League that additional financial means will be forthcoming to enable this form of instruction to be pushed into every part of the State. Lectures would be given in the towns visited and thousands would receive information who could not in any other way. All the interest that has been aroused and all the work that has been done has been brought about by the tuberculosis exhibit.

The following request will be made to the Legislature:

The very best way of doing this is to educate the people, and the quickest and surest way is to send the Exhibit throughout the State on a car, as has been done with most gratifying results in other States.

The following appropriation will be asked of the next Legislature, and it is a very small sum when it is considered what it will accomplish in helping to rid our State of this dread disease, and be the means of saving many valuable lives. Prevention means more than anything else.

(FOR INSERTION IN GENERAL APPROPRIATION BILL.)

To pay expenses of educating the people against the ravages of Tuberculosis, by sending the Tuberculosis Exhibit through the State in a car, distributing literature, sending out a lecturer and stereopticon, demonstrating to the people the dangers, prevention and cure of Tuberculosis, the sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for the year ending September 30, 1913, and a like amount for the year ending September 30, 1914: to be expended by the West Virginia Anti-Tuberculosis League, under the direction, supervision and control of the State Board of Control.

REPORTS OF LEAGUES AND WORK DONE

CLARKSBURG.

Our health officer reports that nothing definite has been done in our town for tuberculosis. The physicians held some meetings at the local hospitals and made some plans which were never carried out. However, our Civic Club can report some work done. From the sale of Red Cross stamps and proceeds from little entertainments we have furnished several tubercular patients with milk and eggs and furnished them a temporary nurse.

We are now endeavoring to establish a fund to secure a City nurse, of which we are so much in need.

The Civic Club has expended for Tuberculosis

1909—	
Employing nurse	\$ 92.00
Employing physician	45.00
Supplying milk and eggs to Tuberculosis patient.....	6.00
Treatment of patient in hospital	8.00
1910—	
Employing physicians	31.50
1911—	
Employing physician	14.00
Employing nurse	184.00
	<hr/>
	\$381.85

MRS. H. W. HARMER.

MONTGOMERY—

What Two Members Did.

We have only two members. We secured the Exhibit, an anti-spitting ordinance, one sanitary drinking fountain, and have some funds on hand.

MISS HENRI MONTGOMERY.

WELLSBURG.


We have sent a doctor to treat two patients and instruct them how to keep others from taking the disease. Also, had a child taken out of the public school, who had the disease. We have plans not yet far enough advanced to report, in which we hope to be able to take charge of patients.

MISS MINA APPLGATE.

MORGANTOWN.


We have brought the Exhibit and have distributed many thousands of pages of literature. We have kept the subject alive in the Press.

MRS. LENNA LOWE YOST.

**KEYSER.**

During the last three years we organized a County Organization, known as the Mineral County Anti-Tuberculosis Association, and have held various meetings, and have appointed the various Committees to accomplish the purpose of our organization. Our town is small and our homes have a fair amount of space around them, and we have no extreme poverty; so that we do not have many of the features to deal with that the larger places have to look after.

HARRY G. FISHER.

**CHARLESTON.**

In the summer of 1908 the local Anti-Tuberculosis League of Charleston was organized, with Mrs. B. H. Oxley as President, as the result of the efforts of Mrs. S. N. Price, of Scarboro, to form these auxiliaries through the State.

The first work of the Kanawha County League was to start an Exhibit, which was paid for by the generosity of clubs and citizens from all parts of West Virginia and by the Kanawha County League.

It was then determined to confine the work to the betterment of local conditions. A visiting nurse entered upon her duties in August, 1909, and the Free Dispensary was opened September 1 of the same year. All cases of tuberculosis reported to the nurse are examined by the Dispensary doctors.

The patients are then followed into their homes by the nurse, who visits and advises, and keeps a general supervision over them that they carry out the instructions of the physician, teaching them to live in a clean and wholesome manner.

In the last year and a half the League has had under its supervision 214 patients, and an average of 300 visits each month have been made to their homes by the nurse. We have had 42 deaths, 8 apparent cures and 46 greatly improved.

We have secured the co-operation of the Health Department in fumigating infected houses. The Graduate Nurses Association keeps the nurse supplied with blankets and bed linen for bed patients. The Red Cross Workers, an auxiliary association composed of young women of the town, have assisted most generously in the work of the League, making the care of tubercular children their especial work.

In the spring of 1911 a summer camp for the care of the tubercular patients, particularly the children, was opened just on the outskirts of town on a beautiful hill. The camp was christened "Hill Crest."

It was not considered practicable to keep the camp open all the year round at first, so it was only open for patients for three months the first year.

During that time 20 patients were cared for. It was planned at first to have this camp for the children only, but there were several cases so badly in need of care that some adults were taken in also.

This year, 1912, the camp was open from April 1st to October 1st. During this time 22 patients were cared for. Of these 9 were discharged as cured, 2 discharged for refusing to conform to the rules of the camp, 2 classed as not improved, 2 were transferred to the State Institution, and 7 returned to their homes much improved.

In addition to this work with the patients the League has distributed thousands of educational pamphlets to the general public.

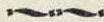


ELKINS.

The Anti-Tuberculosis League of Elkins was organized about the time the Tuberculosis Exhibit was traveling through the State. Its President, Dr. W. W. Golden, succeeded in getting the co-operation of a large number of men and women and together they have succeeded in doing a great deal of good in the town of Elkins and surrounding territory. The Exhibit proved of inestimable value, as it was made the occasion for a very active campaign of education and the gospel of clean and wholesome living was carried into every home.

The activities of the League did not cease with the departure of the Exhibit. The relief committee which was organized at the time plunged into active work and did much good. Several sufferers from tuberculosis were materially aided and the maintenance of one at a sanitarium was paid for a considerable period of time. The people of the community always responded generously to the call of this committee for money. At the time a considerable sum was collected through "tag day." Among those who are particularly active in the work of this committee are Mrs. Boyd Wees, its chairman, Mrs. W. W. Golden, its secretary-treasurer, Mrs. A. D. Neill, Mrs. S. B. Elkins, Mrs. W. H. Cobb, Mrs. F. H. Barron, Ms. W. E. Baker, Mrs. Howard Sutherland, Mrs. M. M. Brown, Mrs. J. C. Irons.

The officers of the League are: President, Dr. W. W. Golden; Vice-Presidents, Dr. H. W. Daniels and Dr. L. W. Talbott; Secretary, Dr. J. C. Irons; Treasurer, Mrs. B. W. Taylor.



MARTINSBURG.

The Eastern Pan Handle Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis was organized in the winter of 1910, when we had the Red Cross seals for sale. There was a membership of 100, but dues have not been collected from more than one-fourth of the members as we have not needed the money. We have only held one public meeting, as we find it very hard to get people together for general meetings and there are so many organizations in our town. The executive committee has

met frequently and transacted the necessary business. The proceeds of the sale of Red Cross Stamps has furnished funds. We purchased three of Dr. Wynns' cabinet exhibits for which we paid \$15.00 each. Two of these we placed in the public schools, to be taken from one to the other until all the pupils had had an opportunity to become familiar with them. The teachers and pupils assure me they have been very valuable, and much interest has been shown in the subject.

We bought and circulated two thousand leaflets, "How to Prevent and Cure Tuberculosis." We had them sent twice to every family in the schools. We distributed 1000 booklets, "Tuberculosis, or Consumption, and How to Avoid It," at a cost of \$50.00.

These were distributed at schools, picnics, teachers' institutes and such places.

We purchased a set of lantern slides for \$5.75 and had an illustrated lecture given in the High School; also, at the Central Opera House, in 1910, and the Red Cross film, "The Awakening of John Bond," in the Opera House in 1911.

We paid \$8.00 to the Martinsburg Advertising Co. for putting up National association and Red Cross Posters. We paid \$10.00 for two Sanitary Drinking Fountains in one school and \$15.00 for four placed in two other schools. We have visited tubercular patients at their homes and furnished them with medicines, paper napkins and instructed them. Various small sums have been paid out for the usual expenses and we have to our credit (\$85.00) eighty-five dollars, which we will pay in the near future to the Stone Home for a drinking fountain to be erected in the playground connected with the Home. The playground was equipped by and is under the auspices of, The Good Neighborhood Society.

I hope we will be able to do more work in the future.

DR. M. VIRGINIA McCUNE, (President).

WHEELING.

A campaign against tuberculosis was inaugurated in April, 1909, by bringing the Tuberculosis Exhibit to Wheeling for five weeks. Never before was there anything in Wheeling that excited more interest among so large a number of people and never before were the people so aroused to the necessity of keeping the body in good health and to improve the unhealthy conditions in our city. Money was contributed freely to pay expenses, and other things were freely given, even a whole house by the Y. W. C. A. in which to show the Exhibit.

The first room contained an Exhibit of the Health Department of Wheeling, and was prepared by Drs. McLain, Wilson and others. The walls were covered by pictures and mottoes pertaining to tuberculosis, its cause and prevention, the danger of flies, the ages when the disease is liable to attack a person, pictures of diseased lungs, pure and impure milk, rules of the health department regarding milk, lists of the milk men and their standing, pictures of undesirable houses and localities, tubercle bacilli shown under microscopes showing different stages of the disease and most interesting of all, a large blue print map of Wheeling, with red-headed pins stuck in wherever a death had occurred from tuberculosis in the previous ten years. This map is still on exhibition at the health office. The success of this particular branch of the exhibit was due to the untiring interest of Drs. McLain and Wilson, who spent a great deal of time demonstrating, and untold benefit grew out of the Exhibit, which was seen by thousands of men, women and children. Literature was distributed in English, Polish and Slavish. Since that time more people have been sleeping with their windows open than ever be-

fore in the history of Wheeling. Those with the disease have been more ready to live as directed by their physicians and with less interference from their mistaken friends. Physicians have been more ready to tell their patients that they have the disease and thus giving the incipient case a better chance for recovery. The health department has made tuberculosis a reportable disease. The spitting ordinance has been enforced, with a marked improvement in cars and on streets.

The Ohio County Anti-Tuberculosis League was organized May 20, 1909, with the following officers: President, Dr. Harriet B. Jones; Vice-President, Henry M. Russell, Sr.; Secretary, Rabbi Harry Levi. February 7, 1910, Dr. William Charles White, of Pittsburg, addressed a mass meeting at the City Building. Shortly afterwards the Board of Directors of the League visited the County Commissioners and asked them to provide a separate building for tuberculosis cases at the County Infirmary. They agreed to do so, appropriated a sum of money, had plans made, but for some unaccountable reason the building has not up to the present time been erected.

On May 9, 1909, the Tuberculosis Dispensary was opened with a waiting-room and two rooms for examination. It is devoted to the guidance, supervision of the tuberculous poor. All persons unable to pay a physician are examined free of charge. Paper napkins and sputum cups are furnished free of charge. The Dispensary is open Tuesdays and Saturdays and Drs. Burns, Gillespy, Truschel, and Drinkard give their services free and their faithfulness has been the means of helping a large number of persons, aided by a most efficient visiting nurse provided by the Associated Charities. Miss Kerns deserves a great deal of credit for the wonderful progress made in the fight against tuberculosis. She visits the home, instructs the family, thoroughly investigates conditions and makes the patients comfortable. The Associated Charities furnishes what may be necessary for the comfort of the patients and the Dispensary furnishes the milk. It is the hard working, conscientious nurse who has been one of the most potent factors in the fight against tuberculosis.

Sputum is examined free of charge at the Health Office, which aids so greatly in the diagnosis sometimes in a very early stage.

There has been one especial goal in view, a Tuberculosis Sanitarium, and in February, 1911, a site was purchased. The buildings were put up the following Fall and it was opened in May, 1912. The site is high, the view fine, and the air invigorating. There are four buildings. Each has a sitting room, sleeping porches, small dressing rooms, toilet and bath rooms in the rear. There is room for 32 patients. The buildings are attractively and comfortably furnished. 20 patients have been treated and the results have been most gratifying, the gain in weight in some cases being truly remarkable. \$20,000 has been expended already at the Sanitarium, \$1,200 a year for the Dispensary, \$85.00 for drinking cups and machines at wells. Large cards "Prevention of Tuberculosis," have been placed in all factories, mills and business houses. Literature has been distributed in schools and to teachers. Especial exercises in the schools on Tuberculosis day, and sermons by ministers.

August 29, 1911, a charter of incorporation was issued and the Corporation of the Anti-Tuberculosis League of Ohio County was organized.

Officers: President, W. A. Wilson; Vice-President, Henry M. Russell, Sr.; Treasurer, Robert Hazlett; Executive Secretary, A. E. Sinks.

Headquarters, 302 Board of Trade Building.

FAIRMONT.

On March 2, 1909, Dr. J. W. McDonald of the Miners' Hospital, Fairmont, W. Va., in response to an invitation, addressed the Domestic Science Department of the Women's Club, on the subject of Tuberculosis. As a result, The Tuberculosis League of Fairmont was organized with Mrs. C. O. Henry, President, and has done some splendid work. The activities of the League have covered a wide range, with the expenditure of \$1,825.97. Under its auspices two Anti-Tuberculosis Exhibits have been held. These were viewed by thousands of people of Fairmont and surrounding country. Literature has been distributed in schools and churches, thus reaching the homes represented. Drinking cups have been placed on sale in public places, such as railroad and interurban street car depots.

Addresses have been made from time to time in schools and churches by local, state and national leaders. Funds have been raised through the sale of Red Cross Stamps, home talent plays, public entertainments of various kinds—such as a baby show and an evening of readings; collections in Thanksgiving services, public donations and membership dues. These monies have all been spent in the general work of the League. Patients have been cared for in hospitals; food, clothing and homes have been provided for the suffering and needy.

In December, 1911, we undertook the permanent work of providing a graduate nurse to care for those among the poor afflicted with tuberculosis. This feature of our work has been a great joy to us, for we feel that the advice and instruction and ministrations of our nurse, Miss Pearl Watson, have brought relief to the afflicted and have aided materially in the prevention of tuberculosis.

We are recognized in the community as one of the permanent philanthropic institutions of our city, and although only a little over three years old, we are assuming obligations and doing a work that ought to be reasonably expected only from a much older organization.

Probably the most encouraging feature of our work is the apparent harvest of sane living and appreciation of fresh air on the part of the general public, gathered from the seed sown in literature distributed, addresses delivered and by the representatives of the League and the Exhibit.

During the period of our operations we have collected \$2165.87 and expended \$1825.97, leaving us a balance of \$339.90.

We are about to begin our winter work along educational lines, which consists of the distribution of literature, addresses and lectures by physicians to the school children and their parents; also newspaper articles bearing on the prevention and cure of tuberculosis.

DR. H. R. JOHNSON, President.

CHARLESTOWN.

The Hospital and Relief Association is kept alive by a handful of women and is the only charity of its kind here. The only way we have of raising funds is by private subscription and an entertainment occasionally. We sold Red Cross Stamps to the amount of \$35.00 and we have helped six tuberculosis patients, three white and three colored, have bought sputum cups, and furnished eggs and milk. We have a great number of colored people here who live in badly ventilated houses and frequently the entire family sleep in the room with the patient.

MRS. WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Cor. Sec.

PARKERSBURG.

The Anti-Tuberculosis League has just concluded its third year of existence and one year of work with the visiting nurse. During that time the League has received cordial support from many individuals and organizations. The Hospital Aid has rendered substantial assistance in many cases by providing food, clothing and medicines for destitute patients. While the League begins its second year of active work with a substantial balance in its treasury, yet it is not sufficient to carry on the work another year as the expenses are heavy. The city has been generous in its appropriation but the difference between the appropriation and the thousand dollars necessary for carrying on the work for one year must be met by the sale of the Red Cross Seals at Christmas time and by the contributions of friends, as these are the League's only sources of revenue, at present.

Red Cross Seals—1909, 1910, 1911.....	\$611.61
Contributions from Clubs and Societies.....	235.80
Dues and contributions from individuals.....	152.00
Total	\$999.41

This sum together with the receipts from the Recital given by Madame Labadie, and the appropriation of \$350.00 from the City make a total of \$1758.24. While the expenses have been as follows:

Salary of visiting nurse.....	\$862.50
Aid to special cases.....	25.00
Literature for distribution.....	27.65
Total	\$915.15

Leaving a balance in the treasury on the first day of August of \$843.09.

The visiting nurse's work needs no commendation by the League, as it will speak for itself. During the year ending July 1st, 1912, the nurse made over a thousand visits with a list of patients varying from sixteen to forty per month, while the deaths have sometimes been as many as four per month. The number of destitute cases has far exceeded any other and the League must be able to render to these immediate and substantial aid.

TREASURER'S REPORT

1909—

Feb. 12—To membership fees and other collections ...	\$ 169.25
Feb. 12—To loan, by Mrs. Louise F. Jackson	42.00
Feb. 22—To Woman's Literary Soc., Elm Grove	10.00
Feb. 24—To Local Anti-Tuberculosis League	73.00
Feb. 24—To Dr. H. S. Barr	5.00
March 5—To loan, by Mrs. L. F. Jackson	50.00
March 11—To Woman's Civic League	10.00
March 15—To H. G. Davis	20.00
March 17—To Isaac T. Mann	50.00
March 20—To S. F. Reed and J. S. Darst	10.00
March 26—To Cont. by C. King (Mrs. Jackson)	5.00
March 26—Local League	35.00
April 3—To Gov. W. M. O. Dawson	10.00
April 3—To membership fees	17.00
April 10—To Local League, (Mrs. J. Davidson)	8.00
April 20—To Senator S. B. Elkins	25.00
April 27—To Village Imp. Soc., Parkersburg.....	50.15
May 5—To. E. L. Long	2.50
May 12—To Offutt & Lakin, Terra Alta	10.00
May 12—To John Lang, Charleston	5.00
May 19—To Mrs. Maria Cooper, Brammwell	10.00
May 24—To membership fees	6.00
May 28—To Wm. Beury, Shanokin, Pa.	25.00
May 29—To Wm. McKell, Chillicothe, O.	100.00
May 29—To Daisy Beury Nichol	15.00
June 18—To C. C. Beury, Claremont	10.00
June 18—To Mrs. L. F. Jackson	25.00
June 18—To Busy Bee Restaurant	5.00
June 18—To Local League, (Mrs. Jackson)	5.00
July 6—To Jas. W. Jones, Bramwell	25.00
July 6—To Mrs. Beury	5.00
Aug. 2—To Dr. C. B. Lee, Glean Jean	10.00
Nov. 22—To Local League	60.46
Dec. 14—To Dr. Harriet B. Jones	25.00
Dec. 23—14 of 13 membership fees, local league.....	3.25

1910—

Jan. 24—To King's Daughters	3.00
Jan. 26—To Proceeds Red Cross Seals	15.64
March 22—To Charity Circle & Kings Daughters' ...	2.00
May 7—To Membership fees and cont. from Churches and Societies, Wheeling, Clarksburg, Hinton.....	13.00
Nov. 23—To H. A. C. Montague	5.00

1911

Jan. 4—To Cont. from Cabin Creek	3.00
Jan. 11—To Golden Rule Kings Daughter's	1.00
Jan. 11—To Proceeds sales from Red Cross Seals.....	612.78

1912—

March 16—To Net proceeds sales Red Cross Seals....	537.55
Oct 1—To interest on \$500 6 months	10.00—\$2,139.58

By Total Expenditures, from Feb. 4th, 1909, to Dec. 1st, 1912—

W. A. Abbott, for work and material, exhibit	\$ 61.35
Superintendent salary and expenses, exhibit	342.72
Mrs. Mary Gillispie, salary, exhibit	105.75
Stone & Forsythe, material for exhibit	105.50
Spencer Moore Co., printing	155.48
Eagle Printing Co., printing	100.75
Charleston—Lovett & Union P. Co., printing	18.30
H. L. Thompson, & Elec. Studio, drawings, photos...	33.00
Mrs. L. F. Jackson, payment of loan	152.46
Dr. H. B. Jones, for speakers and expenses.....	55.00
Y. M. C. A. for auditorium	7.50
Dr. Irene B. Bullard, postage, etc.	33.51
Miss Irma B. Slike, postage, etc.	20.00
Telephone, expressage, transfer, etc.	54.44
Mrs. L. F. Jackson, stationary, etc.	41.15
Miss Fannie Lang, typewriting	29.67
Dr. G. A. McQueen, telephone, postage, etc.	13.44
Lumber, hardware, hauling, etc	22.45
Expense of exhibit during legislature, 1911	116.15
Balance	670.96
	\$2,139.58—\$2,139.58
December 1st, 1912, balance	\$ 670.96

ALEX. FORMAN, Treasurer.

